AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain: Release 3.4.1.798

The AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain supports all AVR 8-bit devices. The AVR 8-bit Toolchain is based on the free and open-source GCC compiler. The toolchain includes compiler, assembler, linker and binutils (GCC and Binutils) and Standard C library (AVRLibC).



8/32-bits Atmel Microcontrollers

Release 3.4.1.798



Installation Instructions

System Requirements

AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain is supported under the following configurations:

Hardware requirements

- Minimum processor Pentium 4, 1GHz
- Minimum 512 MB RAM
- Minimum 500 MB free disk space

AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain has not been tested on computers with less resources, but may run satisfactorily depending on the number and size of the projects and the user's patience.

Software requirements

- Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista or Windows 7 (x86 or x86-64).
- Fedora 13 or 12 (x86 or x86-64), RedHat Enterprise Linux 4 or 5, Ubuntu Linux 10.04 or 8.04 (x86 or x86-64), or SUSE Linux 11.2 or 11.1 (x86 or x86-64). AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain may as well work on the other distributions. However those would be untested and unsupported.

AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain is not supported on Windows 98, NT or ME.

Downloading and Installing

The package comes in two forms:

- As part of a standalone installer
- As Atmel Studio 6 Toolchain Extension

It may be downloaded from Atmel's website at *http://www.atmel.com* or from the Atmel Studio 6 Extension Gallery.

Installing on Windows

In order to install using standalone installer, the AVR Toolchain installer can be downloaded from Atmel website. After downloading the installer, double-click the executable file to install. You may use "Custom Installation" in order to install in a specific location.

In order to install the Atmel AVR Toolchain as Atmel Studio 6 Toolchain Extension, please refer to the Atmel Studio 6 documentation.

Installing on Linux

On Linux AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain is available as a TAR.GZ archive which can be extracted using the 'tar' utility. In order to install, simply extract to the location where you want the toolchain to run from.

Upgrading from previous versions

If you have used the standalone installer on MS-Windows, you might do a clean upgrade by first un-installing the old version or just upgrade using the latest installer.

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Please refer to the Atmel Studio 6 documentation for learning how to upgrade the toolchain extension.

On Linux, if you have it unpacked to a local folder, you just delete the old folder and unpack the latest version in a new folder.

Manifest

- 1. AVR 8-bit GNU Binutils 2.22
 - Binary utilities for AVR 8-bit target (including assembler, linker, etc.).
- 2. AVR 8-bit GNU Compiler Collection (avr-gcc) 4.6.2
- C language and C++ language compiler for AVR 8-bit target.
- 3. AVRLibC 1.8.0
 - C Standard Library for AVR 8-bit

Layout

Listed below are some directories you might want to know about.

`<install_dir>` = The directory where you installed AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain.

- <install_dir>\bin
 - The AVR software development programs. This directory should be in your `PATH` environment variable. This includes:
 - GNU Binutils
 - GCC
- <install_dir>\avr\lib
 - avr-libc libraries, startup files, linker scripts, and stuff.
- <install_dir>\avr\include
- avr-libc header files for AVR 8-bit.
- <install_dir>\avr\include\avr
- header files specific to the AVR 8-bit MCU. This is where, for example, #include <avr/io.h> comes from.
- - GCC libraries, other libraries, headers and stuff.
- <install_dir>\libexec
 - GCC program components
- <install_dir>\doc
- Various documentation.
- <install_dir>\source
 - Documentation on where to find the source code for the various projects and source code patches that were used to build the tools.

Toolset Background

AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain is a collection of executable, open source software development tools for the Atmel AVR 8-bit series of microcontrollers. It includes the GNU GCC compiler for C and C++.

Compiler

The compiler is the GNU Compiler Collection, or GCC. This compiler is incredibly flexible and can be hosted on many platforms, it can target many different processors/operating systems (back-ends), and can be configured for multiple different languages (front-ends).



The GCC included in AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain is targeted for the AVR 8-bit microcontroller and is configured to compile C or C++.

CAUTION: There are caveats on using C++. See the avr-libc FAQ.

Because this GCC is targeted for the AVR 8-bit MCUs, the main executable that is created is prefixed with the target name: `avr-gcc` (with '.exe' extension on MS Windows). It is also referred to as AVR GCC.

`avr-gcc` is just a "driver" program only. The compiler itself is called `cc1.exe` for C, or `cc1plus.exe` for C++. Also, the preprocessor `cpp.exe` will usually automatically be prepended with the target name: `avr-cpp`. The actual set of component programs called is usually derived from the suffix of each source code file being processed.

GCC compiles a high-level computer language into assembly, and that is all. It cannot work alone. GCC is coupled with another project, GNU Binutils, which provides the assembler, linker, librarian and more. Since GCC is just a "driver" program, it can automatically call the assembler and linker directly to build the final program.

Assembler, Linker, Librarian and More

GNU Binutils is a collection of binary utilities. This also includes the assembler, as. Sometimes you will see it referenced as GNU as or gas. Binutils includes the linker, ld; the librarian or archiver, ar. There are many other programs included that provide various functionality.

Note that while the assembler uses the same mnemonics as proposed by Atmel, the "glue" (pseudo-ops, operators, expression syntax) is derived from the common assembler syntax used in Unix assemblers, so it is not directly compatible to Atmel assembler source files.

Binutils is configured for the AVR target and each of the programs is prefixed with the target name. So you have programs such as:

- avr-as: The Assembler.
- avr-Id: The Linker.
- avr-ar: Create, modify, and extract from archives (libraries).
- avr-ranlib: Generate index to archive (library) contents.
- avr-objcopy: Copy and translate object files.
- avr-objdump: Display information from object files including disassembly.
- avr-size: List section sizes and total size.
- avr-nm: List symbols from object files.
- avr-strings: List printable strings from files.
- avr-strip: Discard symbols.
- avr-readelf: Display the contents of ELF format files.
- avr-addr2line: Convert addresses to file and line.
- **avr-c++filt**: Filter to demangle encoded C++ symbols.

See the binutils user manual for more information on what each program can do.

C Library

avr-libc is the Standard C Library for AVR 8-bit GCC. It contains many of the standard C routines, and many nonstandard routines that are specific and useful for the AVR 8-bit MCUs.

NOTE: The actual library is currently split into two main parts, libc.a and libm.a, where the latter contains mathematical functions (everything mentioned in <math.h>, and a bit more). Thus it is a good idea to always include the `-Im` linker option. Also, there are additional libraries which allow a customization of the printf and scanf function families.

avr-libc also contains the most documentation on how to use (and build) the entire toolset, including code examples. The avr-libc user manual also contains the FAQ on using the toolset.

Debugging

Atmel Studio 6 provides a debugger and also provides simulators for the parts that can be used for debugging as well. Note that `Atmel Studio 6` is currently free to the public, but it is not Open Source.

Source Code

Atmel AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain uses modified source code from GCC, Binutils and AVR-libc. The source code used for building the packaged binaries are available at:

http://distribute.atmel.no/tools/opensource/Atmel-AVR-Toolchain-3.4.1/avr/

The modifications are also available as patches in the above link. Please refer to the README for the instructions on how to use the supplied script to build the toolchain.

New and Noteworthy

This chapter lists new and noteworthy items for the AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain release.

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Supported Devices



AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain supports the following devices:

Note:- Devices which are newly supported in this release are marked with *

| at90s2313 | at90s2323 | at90s2333 | at90s2343 | attiny22 |
|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------|
| at90s4414 | at90s4433 | at90s4434 | at90s8515 | at90c8534 |
| ata5272 | ata5505 | ata5790 | ata5795 | ata6285 |
| ata6286 | ata6289 | attiny13 | attiny13a | attiny2313 |
| attiny2313a | attiny24a | attiny4313 | attiny44 | attiny44a |
| attiny828 | attiny84 | attiny25 | attiny45 | attiny85 |
| attiny261 | attiny261a | attiny461a | attiny861 | attiny861a |
| attiny43u | attiny87 | attiny88 | at86rf401 | at43usb355 |
| at76c711 | atmega103 | at90usb82 | at90usb162 | atmega8u2 |
| atmega16u2 | atmega32u2 | attiny1634 | atmega8 | atmega8a |
| atmega48 | atmega48a | atmega48pa | atmega88 | atmega88a |
| atmega88p | atmega88pa | atmega8515 | atmega8hva | at90pwm1 |
| at90pwm2 | at90pwm2b | at90pwm3 | at90pwm81 | at90pwm161 |
| atmega16 | atmega16a | atmega161 | atmega163 | atmega164a |
| atmega164p | atmega164pa | atmega165 | atmega165a | atmega165pa |
| atmega168 | atmega168a | atmega168p | atmega168pa | atmega169 |
| atmega169a | atmega169pa | atmega16hva | atmega16hva2 | atmega16hvb |
| atmegal6hvbrevb atmegal6u4 | | atmega32 | atmega32a | atmega323 |
| atmega324a | atmega324p | atmega325 | atmega325a | atmega325p |
| atmega325pa | atmega3250 | atmega3250p | atmega3250pa | atmega328 |
| atmega328p | atmega329 | atmega329p | atmega329pa | atmega3290 |
| atmega3290a | atmega3290p | atmega3290pa | atmega32c1 | atmega32m1 |
| atmega32u4 | atmega32u6 | atmega406 | atmega640 | atmega644 |
| atmega644a | atmega644p | atmega644pa | atmega645p | atmega645 |
| atmega6450 | atmega6450a | atmega6450p | atmega649a | atmega649p |
| atmega6490 | atmega6490a | atmega6490a | atmega64a | atmega64c1 |
| atmega64m1 | atmega64hve | atmega32hvb | atmega32hvbrevb | at90can64 |
| at90pwm216 | at90pwm316 | atmega16c1 | atmega32c1 | atmega16m1 |
| | | | | |

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| atmega32m1 | atmega16u4 | atmega32u4 | at90scr100 | at90usb646 |
|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| 5 | acillegarous | acillegaszuf | | |
| at90usb647 | at94k | m3000 | atmega128a | atmega1280 |
| atmega1281 | atmega1284 | atmega1284p | atmegal28rfal | at90can128 |
| at90usb1287 | atmega2560 | atmega2561 | atxmega16a4 | atxmega16a4u |
| atxmega16c4 | atxmega16d4 | atxmega32a4 | atxmega32a4u | atxmega32c4 |
| atxmega32d4 | atxmega32x1 | atxmega64a3 | atxmega64a3u | atxmega64d3 |
| atxmega64a1u | atxmega64a4u | atxmega64b1 | atxmega64b3 | atxmega64c3 |
| atxmega128a1 | atxmega128a3 | atxmega128a3u | atxmega128a4u | atxmega128b1 |
| atxmega128b3 | atxmega128c3 | atxmega128d3 | atxmega128d4 | atxmega192a3 |
| atxmega192a3u | atxmega192c3 | atxmega256a3 | atxmega256a3b | atxmega256a3bu |
| atxmega256a3u | atxmega256c3 | atxmega256d3 | atxmega384c3 | atxmega384d3 |
| attiny4 | attiny5 | attiny9 | attiny10 | attiny11 |
| attiny12 | attiny15 | attiny20 | attiny40 | at90s1200 |

Known Issues

- AVR Tiny Architecture (ATTiny 4/5/9/10/20/40) support has some known limitations:
 - libgcc implementation has some known limitations
 - Standard C / Math library implementation are very limited or not present
- For Mega and Xmega devices, program memory images beyond 128KBytes have limitations and may not work for few cases

Issues Fixed

- Several bugs have been fixed for AVR Tiny Architecture (ATTiny 4/5/9/10/20/40)
 - AVR Tiny Register usage updated
 - Callee saved registers r18-21, r28-29(FP)
 - Static chain register r18
 - Scratch registers r22-r27, r30-31
 - Temporary register r16 (no change)
 - Zero register r17 (no change)
 - Arguments r20-r25
 - Return r22-25
 - An issue in attribute 'signal' has been fixed
 - Issues in instruction length calculation has been fixed which influences selection of 'rjmp' instructions
 - Fixed bugs related to do_copy_data, setjmp/logjmp
 - prologue_saves/ epilogue_restores unsupported
 - Corrected registers used in prologue & epilogue code generation
 - Fixed bugs in frame pointer usage
 - Fixed issues in byte loads/stores (with same register as base and destination/source)
 - Overflow error updated as warning for lds/sts 16 bit variations in gas/ld
- clock_prescaler_set() and wdt_enable() macros now supported for ATtiny1634, ATxmega32x1, ATxmega64a1, ATtiny80
- Some fixes from the GCC latest releases/trunk has been backported



Atmel _____

Contact Information

For support on AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain please contact avr@atmel.com.

Users of AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain are also welcome to discuss on the AVRFreaks website forum for AVR Software Tools.

Disclaimer and Credits

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